



Renew Our Waters

Every choice counts.

Stormwater is rain or snowmelt and water from things people do, like overwatering the lawn or washing the car on the driveway. This water runs off our properties, into the street and down the storm drain - picking up pollutants on its way. Once it reaches the storm drain the water and the pollutants it carries is discharged into local waterways.

Untreated runoff is the biggest threat to our nation's water quality, according to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. Let's make the small, important changes that will reduce that threat and improve water quality and our lives!

Realize

What touches the ground enters the water

Power Washing

To keep local waters clean keep your dirty water out.

Wash water from power washing activities may contain significant quantities of oil and grease, chemicals, dirt and detergents. Disposing of these materials into storm drains causes serious ecological problems and is **PROHIBITED** by law. You could be given a citation or fined for discharging pollutants to the storm drain system.

TRY IT DRY

Instead of pressure washing, determine what alternative dry methods are available. Use mops, brooms, rags or wire brushes to clean pavement, buildings and equipment as much as possible.

Prior to washing set up sandbags or other barriers to direct wash water onto grass or gravel.

PREPARING FOR POWER WASHING

Prior to washing, set up sandbags or other barriers to direct wash water onto grassy or gravel areas where the water will soak into the ground instead of run off into the road.

JUST ENOUGH FOR THE JOB

Minimize water by use high pressure, low volume nozzles. Use the minimal amount and least toxic detergents and degreasers you will need to complete the job. Use a mop or rags to clean heavily soiled areas before power washing.

UNDERSTANDING "BIODEGRADABLE"

"Biodegradable" is a popular marketing term that can be misleading. Because a product is labeled as biodegradable does not mean that it is non-toxic. Some products are more toxic than others, but **NONE** are harmless to aquatic life. Soapy water entering the storm drain system will impact the aquatic environment in our local lakes, streams and rivers.

WASHING YOUR VEHICLE

Wash vehicles and equipment on grassy or gravel areas so that the wash water can seep into the ground. If the ground is very dry, wet it first so the wash water soaks in and does not run off into the storm drain.